# **MVH - PROCEDURE**

ORIGINAL DATE: 05/18 REVISED:

SUBJECT: MEDICATION ROUTE: Ear

**PURPOSE:** To outline care objectives and procedures for the clinical management of medication administered via the ear.

# PROCEDURE:

1. MVH has adopted the VNAA recommended Hospice and Palliative Care approach as outlined in Section: 12.07. (See attached)

Nature of Change	N/A - New
CCO Signature:	Alle Conway 521/18
	Date

#### **KEY POINTS**

- Internal ear structures are very sensitive to temperature, touch and pressure;
  - Drops should be warmed to at least room temperature (about 70 °F). Cold ear drops can cause severe dizziness and nausea.
  - Do not occlude ear canal with dropper.
    Occlusion will cause pressure on canal and eardrum.
  - c. Do not force solution into ear.
- 2. To warm drops to comfortable temperature:
  - a. Put in your pocket for several minutes.
  - Give to patient to hold close to body for several minutes.
- Outer ear is not sterile, but sterile drops and solutions are used in case eardrum is ruptured. Entrance of non-sterile solution into the middle ear can cause serious infection.
- If excessive accumulation cerumen (ear wax) is visible at canal entrance, gently remove from entrance with a cotton-tipped applicator. Do not insert applicator into ear canal.

#### **EQUIPMENT**

Gloves, use if patient has drainage from ear Medication bottle with dropper Cotton-tipped applicator Cotton ball, optional

## **PROCEDURE**

- Check order for medication, dose, frequency, and route including number of drops and which ear(s).
- 2. Warm drops in bottle with patient's body heat.
- 3. Identify patient using two identifiers. Explain procedure.
- 4. Adhere to standard precautions. Perform hand hygiene. Assemble equipment.
- Cleanse hands. Assemble equipment. Adhere to Standard Precautions.
- 6. Explain procedure to patient or caregiver.
- Assist patient to side-lying position with ear to be treated facing up. May be in sitting position, with head tipped to side.
- 8. Gently pull the pinna of the ear:
  - Adults and children greater than 3 years: Pull up and outward.
  - b. Children less than 3 years: Pull down and back.
- If cerumen or drainage occludes outer most portion of ear canal, wipe out gently with cotton-tipped applicator. Do not use to clean ear canal.
- 10. Hold dropper about 1 cm (1/2 inch) above ear canal.
- 11. Instill prescribed drops.
- Ask patient to remain in position for few minutes.
- Apply gentle massage or pressure to tragus of ear with finger.

- If order states to insert cotton ball, insert gently. Do not push cotton into canal.
- 15. Remove cotton after 15 minutes.
- 16. Dispose of soiled supplies in appropriate receptacle.

#### **AFTER CARE**

- 1. Teach patient/caregiver:
  - a. Appropriate administration, if ordered
  - b. Proper cleansing of ears, including not inserting objects into ear canal
- 2. Document in patient record:
  - Medication including name, dose (number of drops), route and which ear(s), time
  - b. Response to medication, including any effects, e.g., dizziness, nausea, changes in hearing
  - c. Instruction given to patient/caregiver and comprehension

### **REFERENCES**

- Barstow, N. & Perry, A.G. (2014). Oral and topical medications. In A.G. Perry & P. A. Potter (Eds.), Nursing skills and techniques (8<sup>th</sup> ed.) (pp.492-537). St. Louis, MO: Mosby.
- Harrison, R. L. (2014). Safe medication preparation. In A.G. Perry & P. A. Potter (Eds.), *Nursing skills and techniques* (8<sup>th</sup> ed.) (pp.472-491). St. Louis, MO: Mosby.