Generic Home Health Agency Excerpt from Comprehensive Assessment (OASIS-C)

Patient Name: John Smith HH Record Number: 4433225

ADL/IADLs continued

ADEJIADES CONTINUES
(M1845) Toileting Hygiene: Current ability to maintain perineal hygiene safely, adjust clothes and/or incontinence pads before and after using toilet, commode, bedpan, urinal. If managing ostomy, includes cleaning area around stoma, but not managing equipment.
☐ 0 - Able to manage toileting hygiene and clothing management without assistance.
 X 1 - Able to manage toileting hygiene and clothing management without assistance if supplies/implements are laid out for the patient. 2 - Someone must help the patient to maintain toileting hygiene and/or adjust clothing.
☐ 3 - Patient depends entirely upon another person to maintain toileting hygiene.
<u>Comments:</u> Patient requires clothes to be laid out on bed. He is able to dress himself from a seated position at foot of bed.
(M1850) Transferring: Current ability to move safely from bed to chair, or ability to turn and position self in bed if patient is bedfast.
□ 0 - Able to independently transfer.
X 1 - Able to transfer with minimal human assistance or with use of an assistive device.
☐ 2 - Able to bear weight and pivot during the transfer process but unable to transfer self.
☐ 3 - Unable to transfer self and is unable to bear weight or pivot when transferred by another person.
☐ 4 - Bedfast, unable to transfer but is able to turn and position self in bed.
☐ 5 - Bedfast, unable to transfer and is unable to turn and position self.
Comments: Patient requires one-arm assistance to transfer from bed to chair.
(M1860) Ambulation/Locomotion: Current ability to walk safely, once in a standing position, or use a wheelchair, once in a seated position, on a variety of surfaces.
☐ 0 - Able to independently walk on even and uneven surfaces and negotiate stairs with or without railings (i.e., needs no human assistance or assistive device).
☐ 1 - With the use of a one-handed device (e.g. cane, single crutch, hemi-walker), able to independently walk on even and uneven surfaces and negotiate stairs with or without railings.
X 2 - Requires use of a two-handed device (e.g., walker or crutches) to walk alone
on a level surface and/or requires human supervision or assistance to negotiate stairs or steps or uneven surfaces.
☐ 3 - Able to walk only with the supervision or assistance of another person at all times.
4 - Chairfast, unable to ambulate but is able to wheel self independently.

Example 4 – Part 2 of 2

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1	15-	Chairfast.	unable to	ambulate	and is	unable to	wheel	self

☐ 6 - Bedfast, unable to ambulate or be up in a chair.

Comments: Pt. with a shuffling gait and frequently trips while ambulating. Pt. requires a wheeled walker and requires frequent cueing to remind him to not shuffle when he walks and to look up to avoid environmental hazards. Unable to go up and down stairs without his daughter assisting him. Daughter states that patient needs 24/7 supervision and is only able to leave his home for doctor appointments and only when she and her husband assist him. Patient is an increased fall risk because of inability to safely navigate stairs, uneven sidewalks and curbs.

In conjunction with the discharge summary, this meets the requirements for documenting why the patient was/is confined to the home (homebound).

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Sam Bone, M.D. 4/20/2014

Signed and dated by certifying physician indicating review and incorporation into the patient's medical record.